



Barwon South Western Survivorship Project

A Transferable Model of Survivorship Care



Project objectives- levels



- Participant → Nurse-led Survivorship Service
- Within the Cancer Service → Tumour streams
- Cancer Service to Primary Care and Community → GPs, Practice Nurses, Community Health, Allied Health, Local Gov. Services, Private Providers



Regional and rural perspective



- Participant
- Within Cancer Services
- Cancer Services to Primary Care and Community



Project definitions

Cancer Survivors - people who have completed active treatment, chemotherapy and/or radiotherapy and surgery, with curative intent

Project Eligibility < 2 years post treatment



Nurse Led Survivorship (Clinic)Service

- Referral- specialists and cancer team
- 2 consultations with person/family members
- Survivorship Care Plans Ref IOM 2006
 - core template tailored to 9 individual tumour streams
 - consumer friendly language
 - electronic capacity (within ARIA)
 - aligned to GP Chronic Disease Management Plans



General Practitioners

- GPs prefer documents
- succinct- one page
 - easy to access information
 - medical language



General Practitioners

GPs prefer documents

- succinct- one page
- easy to access information
- medical language



Non-Hodgkin lymphoma GP surveillance schedule Date: Survivorship Service

<Name>
<DOB>
<UR>

Next Cancer Centre appointment and/or any review required by GP (insert as appropriate)
Rapid re-referral - can occur by contacting the Survivorship Nurse on Ph. 0401 011 661 or Haematology team at Andrew Love Centre on (03) 4215 2600

A guide to general practice and long term side effects of treatment		GP investigations (frequency of review recommended can be lower)
Second Malignancy Solid tumours: generally > 10 years Haematological: MDS/leukaemia, (ages 5-9 years/20s)		Assessment: Careful history and physical examination: lymphadenopathy, hepatomegaly, splenomegaly
Cardiovascular disease Outpatient heart failure (after/cytarabine related) Autoimmune pulmonary vasculopathy, including capillaritis, arteriovenous		Tests: FBC, U&E, LFT including serum LDH, Uptls, Beta 2 micro globulin Regular GP at least every 12 months Ultrasound: 12 monthly
Pulmonary dysfunction Aster: subacute pneumonitis Chronic: pulmonary fibrosis, bronchiectasis, chronic pleural effusions		Preventative medicine Influenza: influenza, pneumococcal - commence 6 months post treatment Bone health: smoking cessation 10 weeks 12 monthly Dental health checks: 12 monthly Skin examination (with a focus on irradiated field): 12 monthly
Neurology and endocrine dysfunction Cerebellar ataxia Peripheral neuropathy		As appropriate Breast screen from 40, or from 25 if > 5yrs after chest irradiation) Colorectal cancer: Thyroid - Cancer surveillance/ablation Annual ECG if other risk factors
Other Cognitive Changes: ataxia Chronic Fatigue: breathlessness Recurrent recasts of the nail: lymphedema Increased risk of infection - opportunistic (opportunistic)		Psychosocial review Quality of life - det, reconditioning and exercise Cancer-related fatigue Concerns distress and fear of cancer recurrence Care support Failure to actives of daily living and work Social functioning Abuse behaviour cessation Smoking Alcohol Illegal or prescription drugs
Side & Symptom of Recurrence Firm pitfalls (swollen lymph nodes) Night sweats Rising LDH Blood test abnormalities New symptoms - in shortness of breath, pain, bloating	Unintentional weight loss Persistent loss of energy Generalised itching	



Engagement of cancer teams

Quick Tips

- Identify 'Champions' and their interests
- Work within the existing model
- Start small and promote successes
- Draft documents, present to the team and trial
- Use real case studies



Results



Participant

- Health Literacy Questionnaire- HLQ
- Health Education Impact Questionnaire- HeIQ
- Quality of Life - (AQoL-8D)

Time points- prior to, one week and 3 months post intervention



Participant program evaluation

1 week post intervention (N=84)

- 85% to **manage** ongoing symptoms and side effects
- 91% to **understand** my follow up care
- 89% to **cope** with finishing treatment
- 87% to feel in **control** of my life
- 93% to know where to **gain support**

2/3 **continued** to use survivorship care plans (at 3 months)



GP evaluation of documents

50 of 75 GPs returned feedback

Surveillance Schedule

- useful in patients ongoing care- 96%
- useful format- 98%

Survivorship Care Plan

- useful in patients ongoing care- 92%

GPs and Practice Nurses

- want to be engaged in the follow up care of survivors
- in many cases patients are already known to them



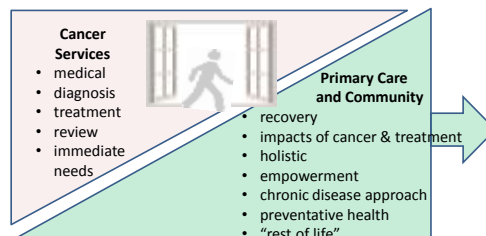
Align with Chronic Disease models

50% of participants referred -allied health, community, local services

Referrals were accepted when

- **Networking** and phone discussion
- The **language** of chronic disease and health prevention was used
- **Similarities** with their existing clients made
- **Rapid re-referral**, support and contact details offered

The language of survivorship – ‘a window of opportunity’



Where to from here?

Phase 2

- Survivorship Nurse Led Service- Hume Region
- Model of shared cancer care
- Small group intervention



References

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Contact details and report

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Project Report is available on
<http://www.petermac.org/education/survivorship-education/implementing-survivorship-care#victorian-cancer-survivorship-program>